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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/811,892	03/30/2004	Eun-sup Kim	1793.1184	1320	
21171 7590 06/30/2010 STAAS & HALSEY LLP			EXAMINER		
SUITE 700	SUITE 700 SITTA, GRANT				
1201 NEW YO WASHINGTO	ORK AVENUE, N.W. ON DC 20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
***************************************	71, DC 2000		2629		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/30/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/811,892	KIM, EUN-SUP		
Examiner	Art Unit		
GRANT D. SITTA	2629		
GRANI D. SILIA	2029		

	GRANT D. SITTA	2629					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 17 June 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR A	LLOWANCE.					
☑ The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time							
	periods: a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
<ul> <li>The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to</li> </ul>	he period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In o event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection, which						
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(							
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ext under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as				
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp.	liance with 37 CER 41 37 must be t	iled within two months	of the date of				
filing the Notice of Appeal was filed off Abrief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the					
AMENDMENTS							
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because         <ul> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);</li> </ul> </li> </ol>							
<ul> <li>(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo</li> <li>(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or</li> </ul>		ducing or simplifying t	ne issues for				
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).							
<ol> <li>The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12</li> <li>Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):</li> </ol>		mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).				
Mewly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the				
non-allowable claim(s).		•					
<ol> <li>For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proving.</li> </ol>		be entered and an e	xplanation of				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:							
Claim(s) allowed Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected:							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu	before or on the date of filing a No	tice of Appeal will not	be entered				
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	I sufficient reasons why the affidavi	t or other evidence is	necessary and				
D. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).							
10. The afficavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.  REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER							
The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:				
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement(s)</i> . (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).							
13. Other:							
/Sumati Lefkowitz/	/Grant D Sitta/						
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2629	Examiner, Art Unit 2629						

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: 28. have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's arguments filed 6/17/2010

In response to applicant's argument that neither Saito and Park disclose where the controller generates the inverter off signals until the horizontal signal is detected, the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981), Saito teaches, ["a] backlight control apparatus for use with a liquid crystal display device according to the present invention comprises a liquid crystal display panel for displaying, at timing synchronized with a synchronizing signal, an image represented by a video signal supplied thereto; a backlight device for emitting light according to a voltage applied thereto to illuminate the liquid crystal panel from the rear, and voltage controller (control means) for controlling, during a synchronization period of the synchronizing signal, the voltage applied to the backlight device, the voltage being lower during the synchronization period than during a period other than the synchronization period" (col. 1, lines 30-40). While Saito teaches controlling the backlight synchronized with a synchronizing signal. Saito fails to expressly teach generating the inverter off signal until the horizontal synchronization is detected. However, Shin expressly states, "determining whether the video signal is inputted or not according to the synchronizing signal being detected or not, and supplying or cutting off the electric power to the backlight according to the determination of the existing or non-existing of the video signal input." (col. 1, lines 45-53), since as pointed out by Applicant in Remarks dated (12/17/2010), the ending of the sync period is not necessarily the same as the detection of the horizontal synchronization period. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the backlight driving of Saito, to further include wherein where the controller generates the inverter off signals until the horizontal signal is detected, in order to save power, remove noise, and provide for a better picture quality. In response to applicant's remarks that Shin does not cut off inverter off signals, as noted above, the test it what the combined references would have suggested to one of ordinary skill in the art. Saito teaches having backlight timing synchronized with a synchronizing signal, an image represented by a video signal supplied thereto; a backlight device for emitting light according to a voltage applied thereto to illuminate the liquid crystal panel from the rear, and voltage controller, i.e. cutting off inverter off signals or turning on the inverter signal.

In response to Applicant remarks, that vertical and horizontal signals are different and not interchangeable. Examiner respectfully disagrees since Salio states they may be interchanged (the synchronization period of the synchronization gisnal in which the voltage applied to the backlight device is kept reduced may be a horizontal synchronization (blanking) period of a horizontal synchronization signal or a vertical synchronization origination period of a development of the emphasis added!)).